Exam Seat No:\_

## Enrollment No:\_\_\_\_\_

**C.U.SHAH UNIVERSITY** 

WADHWAN CITY

University (Winter) Examination -2013 Subject Name: -Mathematical Physics

Course Name :M.Sc(Physics) Sem-I Duration :- 3:00 Hours

Date : 16/12/2013

## Instructions:-

(1) Attempt all Questions of both sections in same answer book / Supplementary.

(2) Use of Programmable calculator & any other electronic instrument is prohibited.

(3) Instructions written on main answer Book are strictly to be obeyed.

(4)Draw neat diagrams & figures (If necessary) at right places.(5) Assume suitable & Perfect data if needed.

| SECTION – I       |   |      |  |
|-------------------|---|------|--|
| Q-1               | Do as Directed.(All Questions are compulsory)   | (07) |  |
| a)                | Give the solution of L $\{t^2 \sin at\}$ .  | (02) |  |
| b)                | What do you mean by Piece-wise continuous function?   | (02) |  |
| c)                | Give the equation of Legendre's differential equation.  | (01) |  |
| d)                | Give Differential Equation of Hermite polynomial.   | (01) |  |
| e)                | Give the Bessel's differential Equation.  | (01) |  |
| Q-2               | Answer the following in detail.   |      |  |
| a)                | Radium decays to radon which decays to polonium. If at $t=0$ , a sample is pure radium, how much radon does it contain at time "t"?                         | (05) |  |
| b)                | Prove that Legendre's polynomials are the set of orthogonal function in the interval (-1,1)   | (05) |  |
| c)                | Prove that: $P_n(-1) = (-1)^n P_n(1)$   | (04) |  |
|                   | OR  |      |  |
| Q-2               | Answer the following in detail.   |      |  |
| a)                | Explain Rodrigue's formula of Legendre's Polynomials.   | (05) |  |
| b)                | Recurrence formula for Hermite polynomials.   | (05) |  |
| c)                | Solve the following ordinary differential equation $x^2 \frac{dy}{dx} - 2xy = \frac{1}{x}$ .  | (04) |  |
| 0-3               | Answer the following in detail  |      |  |
| <b>a</b> )        | Prove that $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{a}{-\alpha} \cos x  dx - \frac{\pi}{\alpha} e^{-\alpha x} - \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{a}{-\alpha} \sin x  dx$ | (07) |  |
| h)                | Further Decumence relation for $\mathbf{P}_{(u)}$   | (07) |  |
| 0)                | Explain Recurrence relation for $P_n(\mu)$ .  | (07) |  |
| 0-3               | Answer the following in detail  |      |  |
| <b>√</b> -J<br>a) | Explain Generating function of Hermite polynomials  | (07) |  |
| b)                | Give the solution of second order linear differential equation with Variable co-efficient   | (07) |  |



## SECTION-II

| Q-4 | Do as Directed.(All Questions are compulsory)  |      |
|-----|--|------|
| a)  | What are the different types of transforms? List atleast four of them                          | (02) |
| b)  | Find the Laplace transform of F(t)=t   | (02) |
| c)  | Define Fourier sine and cosine transforms.   | (02) |
| d)  | Write Mathematical form of Fourier series.   | (01) |
| Q-5 | Answer the following in detail.  |      |
| a)  | Discuss application of Fourier transform in science.   | (05) |
| b)  | Explain Laplace transform of Derivatives.  | (05) |
| c)  | Find Laplace transform of $4e^{5t}$ - $4\cos 3t$ + $3\sin 4t$ apply in the linearity property. | (04) |
|     | OR   |      |
| Q-5 | Answer the following in detail.  |      |
| a)  | Explain integral formula of Laguerre's polynomial  | (05) |
| b)  | Find the Laplace transforms of the following functions.  | (05) |
| 0)  | (i) $F(t)=e^{kt}$ (ii) $F(t)=coskt$  | (03) |
| c)  | Solve that: $L^{-1}\left\{\frac{S+1}{S^2+6S+25}\right\}$                                       | (04) |
| Q-6 | Answer the following in detail.  |      |
| a)  | State and prove some simple properties of Laplace transform.                                   | (07) |
| b)  | Recurrence formula for Languere's polynomial.  | (07) |
|     | OR HERRING YOUR DESTRICT   |      |
| Q-6 | Answer the following in detail.  |      |
| a)  | Explain inverse Laplace transforms.  | (07) |
| b)  | (i) Find Fourier transformation of given function: $F(x) = e^{- x }$ .                         | (07) |
| ,   | (ii) Find the Fourier sine transformation of F (t) = $e^{-\iota}$ .                            |      |
|     |  |      |

\*\*\*\*\*\*16\*\*\*\*\*\*

